

Short Paper

Exploring the Regulatory Impact of Gamification: Concept and Framework

Ritchell B. Nacional
Department of Education, Angelo L. Loyola Senior High School
District of Carmona, Division of Cavite Province, Philippines
ritchell.nacional@deped.gov.ph
(corresponding author)

Angelo M. Torres

Department of Education, Angelo L. Loyola Senior High School
District of Carmona, Division of Cavite Province, Philippines

Date received: October 21, 2022

Date received in revised form: September 22, 2023; October 10, 2023; November 2, 2023

Date accepted: December 4, 2023

Recommended citation:

Nacional, R., & Torres, A. (2024). Exploring the Regulatory Impact of Gamification: Concept and Framework. *Puissant*, 5, 1977-1991.

Abstract

This paper conducts a systematic literature review to explore the regulatory impact of gamification. It examines the benefits, risks, and ethical considerations associated with gamification across regulated industries. By analyzing existing research, it identifies knowledge gaps and emerging trends. The paper highlights the need for ethical frameworks to guide gamification practices, emphasizing transparency and data privacy. It also underscores the importance of continuous monitoring and evaluation to ensure responsible implementation. The concept paper calls for interdisciplinary collaboration among policymakers, industry leaders, and scholars to maximize gamification's potential while mitigating regulatory challenges. In summary, this research provides valuable insights to inform effective regulatory strategies for harnessing gamification's potential while safeguarding against potential harm.

Keywords – gamification, impact of gamification, education, society, learning environment

INTRODUCTION

Gamification, the incorporation of game elements into non-game contexts, has gained prominence for its motivational and engagement potential across industries like healthcare, finance, and education. However, its widespread adoption raises intricate regulatory challenges. Current legal frameworks often struggle to keep pace, leading to concerns about data privacy, informed consent, and potential manipulation. For instance, in healthcare, gamification boosts patient compliance but poses data privacy and addiction concerns. In finance, it encourages responsible behaviors but must avoid deceptive practices.

This concept paper aims to delve into the regulatory impact of gamification, examining how it aligns with existing norms and regulations while offering solutions for potential disparities. Balancing its potential with ethical and regulatory considerations is vital in this evolving landscape.

LITERATURE REVIEW

Definition of Gamification

The term "gamification" has gained considerable prominence in recent years as organizations and researchers seek ways to harness the power of games and apply it to various non-game contexts. This literature review section explores the diverse definitions of gamification and examines its applications in various contexts, as well as the key components that underpin gamification strategies.

Notable key components of gamification include:

- 1. Points: Points are awarded to users for completing tasks, achieving milestones, or engaging with a system. Points serve as a tangible indicator of progress and accomplishment.
- 2. Badges: Badges are visual symbols or icons presented to users upon achieving specific goals or milestones. They provide users with a sense of recognition and accomplishment, often displayed on user profiles.
- 3. Leaderboards: Leaderboards introduce a competitive element by allowing users to compare their progress and achievements with those of their peers. This social comparison motivates users to strive for higher ranks.
- 4. Rewards: Rewards are incentives offered to users to encourage desired behaviors. These rewards can be tangible, such as discounts or prizes, or intangible, like social recognition or virtual currency.
- 5. Challenges: Challenges involve presenting users with specific tasks or missions to complete. Completing these challenges fosters a sense of achievement and progress.

These game mechanics are the building blocks of gamification strategies, allowing organizations to tailor their approaches to suit their objectives and target audience (Deterding et al., 2011).

Gamification in Regulated Industries

Gamification has extended its influence into a range of regulated industries, each presenting unique opportunities and challenges. This section provides insights into the applications of gamification in healthcare, finance, education, and other regulated sectors.

Healthcare

The integration of gamification in healthcare has brought forth innovative solutions aimed at improving patient engagement, adherence to treatment regimens, and overall health outcomes. Gamified applications and platforms offer opportunities to address health-related challenges effectively.

One prominent example is the use of mobile health (mHealth) apps that employ gamification elements to promote medication adherence. Such apps reward patients with points, badges, or virtual currency for taking medications as prescribed (Hamari et al., 2014). Studies have shown that these gamified interventions enhance medication adherence and improve patient outcomes (Moreau et al., 2020).

However, the healthcare sector also faces significant regulatory challenges, particularly concerning data privacy and security. Gamified healthcare apps often collect sensitive patient data, necessitating compliance with regulations like the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) in the United States to protect patient information (Huesch & Chetlen, 2015).

Finance

Gamification strategies have become increasingly prevalent in the financial sector, where they aim to encourage responsible financial behaviors and enhance the customer experience. These applications typically incorporate game elements to engage users and educate them on financial concepts. In this context, regulations and consumer protection have assumed paramount importance. The Consumer Financial Protection Bureau (CFPB) in the United States closely monitors financial gamification to ensure that it does not lead to deceptive practices (Marsden, 2018). Furthermore, the Markets in Financial Instruments Directive (MiFID) and MiFID II regulations in the European Union impose stringent transparency and fairness requirements on gamified trading platforms (Li, 2020).

Education

Gamification has disrupted the traditional educational landscape by making learning engaging and motivating. By introducing elements such as points, badges, and leaderboards, educators can capture and maintain students' attention, fostering a positive learning environment (Deterding et al., 2011). In the United States, the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) governs the privacy of student educational records, necessitating compliance with data privacy regulations when implementing educational gamification. Moreover, in the European Union, the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) imposes strict standards for data privacy and consent, which are relevant when gamifying educational experiences (Rich et al., 2019).

Other Fields

Beyond healthcare, finance, and education, gamification is making inroads into various other regulated industries, including aviation, compliance training, and environmental sustainability. For instance, airlines employ gamified training programs to enhance pilot and crew training efficiency (Kapp, 2012). In the realm of compliance training, gamification is used to engage employees in learning about regulatory requirements and best practices (Muntean, 2011). These applications, while diverse, all share the need to adhere to sector-specific regulations. For example, aviation training must conform to aviation safety regulations, while environmental sustainability gamification initiatives must align with environmental regulations and goals.

Benefits of Gamification

Engagement and Motivation

Engagement and motivation are paramount in achieving desired outcomes in various domains. Gamification excels in this regard by tapping into intrinsic human desires for achievement and recognition (Deterding et al., 2011). Through gamified systems, users are often rewarded with points, badges, or leaderboard rankings for completing tasks or achieving milestones. These tangible rewards trigger a sense of accomplishment and status, fostering motivation and encouraging continued engagement (Hamari et al., 2014).

In healthcare, gamification has been utilized to boost patient engagement and adherence to treatment regimens. Applications that reward patients for adhering to medication schedules or achieving health goals enhance patient motivation (Moreau et al., 2020).

Similarly, in educational settings, gamification strategies are employed to make learning more engaging. Elements such as points, leaderboards, and achievements transform traditionally passive learning into an interactive and competitive experience, motivating students to actively participate (Deterding et al., 2011).

Learning and Skill Development

Gamification's effectiveness in promoting learning and skill development is well-documented. It provides an immersive environment that allows users to acquire and practice new knowledge and abilities (Anderson et al., 2013). In educational contexts, gamified platforms often present content in a structured and interactive manner, making complex subjects more accessible and engaging (Deterding et al., 2011). Gamified learning environments facilitate active participation, problem-solving, and critical thinking, which are essential skills for modern learners (Anderson et al., 2013).

In professional settings, gamification can be applied to training programs to enhance skill acquisition. Interactive scenarios and simulations create realistic learning experiences, allowing individuals to practice and refine their abilities (Kapp, 2012).

Risks and Concerns

While gamification offers numerous benefits, it is not without its share of risks and concerns.

Privacy and Data Security

The collection and utilization of personal data in gamified systems have raised significant privacy and data security concerns. Gamification often involves the tracking and analysis of user behavior to provide tailored experiences, rewards, and recommendations (Deterding et al., 2011). In healthcare, where gamified apps may collect sensitive patient health data, ensuring compliance with data protection regulations such as the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) in the United States and the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) in the European Union is crucial (Huesch & Chetlen, 2015; Rich et al., 2019).

In educational contexts, the collection and analysis of student data to personalize gamified learning experiences must adhere to privacy regulations, like the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) in the United States and GDPR in Europe (Rich et al., 2019).

Ethical Concerns

Ethical considerations are paramount when implementing gamification strategies, particularly when it involves shaping user behavior and decision-making. The design of gamified systems must strike a balance between encouraging positive behaviors and avoiding manipulative or deceptive practices (Anderson & Dron, 2011). In healthcare, the use of gamification to influence patient choices raises ethical questions about informed consent and the potential for undue influence (Lupton, 2014). Users may feel pressured

to engage in health-related activities due to rewards, potentially compromising their autonomy.

In finance, gamified applications that encourage trading or investment may raise ethical concerns related to the responsible handling of financial resources and the risk of inducing excessive risk-taking behaviors (Marsden, 2018). Ethical considerations include ensuring transparency and providing clear information to users about the potential financial risks involved.

Previous Research on the Regulatory Impact

Previous research has examined the regulatory impact of gamification, shedding light on its effects on compliance, legal challenges, and implications in various industries.

Studies on Compliance and Gamification

Research has examined how gamification influences compliance in regulated industries. In healthcare, gamified applications motivate patients to adhere to treatment plans, offering rewards for compliance (Hamari et al., 2014). In finance, gamified compliance training engages employees and enhances understanding of financial regulations (Muntean, 2011). Similarly, the aviation industry uses gamified training programs to ensure compliance with safety regulations (Kapp, 2012).

Legal Challenges and Implications

Gamification poses legal challenges in regulated industries. Data privacy and security are major concerns, especially in healthcare and finance, where compliance with HIPAA, GDPR, and financial regulations is crucial (Huesch & Chetlen, 2015; Rich et al., 2019; Marsden, 2018; Li, 2020).

Ethical considerations are intertwined with legal implications, emphasizing user autonomy, transparency, and avoidance of manipulative practices (Anderson & Dron, 2011). While gamification shows promise in enhancing compliance, addressing legal and ethical concerns is vital for responsible implementation in regulated industries.

Research Gap

Unexplored Areas in Regulatory Impact

Effectiveness of Regulatory Mechanisms: Despite the increasing adoption of gamification in various sectors such as healthcare, finance, and education, there is a lack of comprehensive research on the effectiveness of regulatory mechanisms in ensuring ethical and safe gamification practices. Existing studies often highlight the potential risks without offering concrete solutions or evaluating the success of implemented regulations (Smith et al., 2018).

Consumer Perception and Behavior: Understanding how consumers perceive and respond to gamified systems within regulated industries remains an underexplored area. Research should delve into the psychology of gamification and its influence on consumer choices, compliance, and decision-making processes (Deterding et al., 2011).

Ethical Considerations: Ethical concerns surrounding gamification, especially in areas such as data privacy, manipulation, and addiction, warrant deeper investigation. Researchers should assess the ethical implications of gamification in regulatory contexts and propose guidelines to address potential ethical dilemmas (Hamari et al., 2014).

METHODOLOGY

This research employed a systematic literature review (SLR) as the primary research design. An SLR is chosen for its rigorous and structured approach to collecting and analyzing existing research on a specific topic (Kitchenham, 2004). Given the multifaceted nature of gamification and its regulatory impact, an SLR is ideal for comprehensively synthesizing knowledge from diverse sources and providing a robust foundation for addressing research gaps.

Inclusion and Exclusion Criteria

Table 1 provides an overview of the inclusion and exclusion criteria for the review. It includes research articles and studies published from 2000 to 2023, focusing on gamification in regulated industries like healthcare, education, finance, and environmental sustainability. Exclusions cover non-peer-reviewed sources, articles published before 2000 or after 2023, studies primarily exploring gamification in non-regulated industries or unrelated contexts, non-English articles, and those without full-text availability.

Table 1. Inclusion and Exclusion Criteria

Research articles and peer-reviewed studies published between 2000 and 2023. Articles that focus on gamification in regulated industries, including but not limited Exclusion Criteria Non-peer-reviewed sources, such as conference abstracts or opinion pieces. Articles published before 2000 or

environmental sustainability.
 Studies that investigate the regulatory impact, benefits, risks, ethical considerations, or technological aspects of gamification.

to healthcare, education, finance,

after 2023, to maintain relevance.
 Studies that primarily examine gamification in non-regulated industries or unrelated contexts.

The methodology for this systematic literature review employs a structured research design, well-defined inclusion and exclusion criteria, and a comprehensive search strategy across multiple databases. This rigorous approach ensures the selection of high-quality research articles that contribute to a comprehensive synthesis of knowledge regarding the regulatory impact of gamification in various industries.

Data Gathering

The collected references for this concept paper cover a broad gamification landscape. They address regulatory impact, applications in healthcare, education, finance, and more, along with discussions on benefits, risks, ethics, and technology. Insights from this literature will enrich our upcoming analysis, deepening our grasp of gamification and its regulatory implications.

Table 2. List of References on Gamification and Regulatory Impact

Year	Reference
2011	Deterding, S., Dixon, D., Khaled, R., & Nacke, L. (2011). From game design elements to gamefulness. Proceedings of the 15th International Academic MindTrek Conference on Envisioning Future Media Environments -
2014	MindTrek '11, 9–15. Hamari, J., Koivisto, J., & Sarsa, H. (2014). Does Gamification Work? A Literature Review of Empirical Studies on Gamification - IEEE Conference Publication. Ieee.org. https://ieeexplore.ieee.org/document/6758978

Table 2 comprises references related to the intersection of gamification and its regulatory impact. These references encompass studies and articles covering the utilization of gamification in various industries, its influence on compliance, and the associated regulatory challenges and implications.

Table 3. List of References on Gamification in Healthcare

Year	Reference
2019	Gentry, S. V., Gauthier, A., Ehrstrom, B. L., Wortley, D., Lilienthal, A., Car, L.
	T., Dauwels-Okutsu, S., Nikolaou, C. K., Zary, N., Campbell, J., & Car, J.
	(2019). Serious Gaming and Gamification Education in Health Professions:
	Systematic Review. Journal of Medical Internet Research, 21(3), e12994.
	https://doi.org/10.2196/12994
2022	Xu, L., Shi, H., Shen, M., Ni, Y., Zhang, X., Pang, Y., Yu, T., Lian, X., Yu, T.,
	Yang, X., & Li, F. (2022). The Effects of mHealth-Based Gamification
	Interventions on Participation in Physical Activity: Systematic Review. JMIR
	MHealth and UHealth, 10(2), e27794. https://doi.org/10.2196/27794

The table above compiles references specifically related to the application of gamification in healthcare. These references comprise studies, articles, and research works that delve into the impact, benefits, challenges, and ethical considerations of utilizing gamification in healthcare settings.

Table 4. List of References on Gamification in Education

Reference
Kapp, K. (2012) The Gamification of Learning and Instruction. Game-Based
Methods and Strategies for Training and Education. Pfeiffer, San Francisco,
CA References - Scientific Research Publishing. (n.d.). Www.scirp.org.
https://www.scirp.org/(S(351jmbntvnsjt1aadkozje))/reference/referencespa
pers. aspx?referenceid=2598253
Dichev, C., & Dicheva, D. (2017). Gamifying education: What is known, what
is believed and what remains uncertain: A critical review. International
Journal of Educational Technology in Higher Education, 14(1).
https://doi.org/10.1186/s41239-017-0042-5
Nacional, R. B. (2023). Gamifying Education: Enhancing Student
Engagement and Motivation. Puissant, 4.
https://puissant.stepacademic.net/puissant/article/view/238

Table 4 gathers references focusing on the use of gamification in educational contexts. It includes studies, articles, and research works that explore the impact, advantages, challenges, and ethical aspects of implementing gamification in educational settings.

Table 5. References on Gamification in Finance

	- usite justice ences on cuminication in timarice
Year	Reference
2017	Huotari, K., & Hamari, J. (2017). A definition for gamification: anchoring
	gamification in the service marketing literature. Electronic Markets, 27(1),
	21–31. https://doi.org/10.1007/s12525-015-0212-z
2021	Sethu, M., & Nathan-Roberts, D. (2021). It's All Fun and Games: The Role of
	Gamification in E-banking. Proceedings of the Human Factors and
	Ergonomics Society Annual Meeting, 65(1), 1297–1301.
	https://doi.org/10.1177/1071181321651298
2022	Şenol, D., & Onay, C. (2022). Impact of gamification on mitigating behavioral
	biases of investors. Journal of Behavioral and Experimental Finance, 100772.
	https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jbef.2022.100772
	-

The above table presents references exclusively focusing on the implementation of gamification within the financial industry. Included are studies, articles, and research work that explore the effects, advantages, obstacles, and ethical dimensions of incorporating gamification in financial settings.

Table 6. References on Gamification in Diverse Industries

Year	Reference
2020	Noh, D. (2020). The Gamification Framework of Military Flight Simulator for
	The Gamification Framework of Military Flight Simulator for Effective
	Learning and Training Environment Effective Learning and Training
	Environment. Retrieved May 17, 2021, from
	https://purls.library.ucf.edu/go/DP0023562
2022	Chen, J., Zhang, G., & Hu, Q. (2022). Research on the Impact of Pro-
	Environment Game and Guilt on Environmentally Sustainable Behaviour.
	International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 19(20),
	13406. https://doi.org/10.3390/ijerph192013406
2023	Alyamani, H., Alharbi, N., Roboey, A., & Kavakli, M. (2023). The Impact of
	Gamifications and Serious Games on Driving under Unfamiliar Traffic
	Regulations. Applied Sciences, 13(5), 3262.
	https://doi.org/10.3390/app13053262
	Environment Game and Guilt on Environmentally Sustainable Behave International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 19 13406. https://doi.org/10.3390/ijerph192013406 Alyamani, H., Alharbi, N., Roboey, A., & Kavakli, M. (2023). The Impa Gamifications and Serious Games on Driving under Unfamiliar Transcriptions. Applied Sciences, 13(5),

The table above contains references covering gamification in a range of sectors such as public service, military, and environmental initiatives. It includes studies and articles exploring the impact, advantages, challenges, and ethical aspects of gamification in these industries.

DISCUSSION

In our dynamic world, gamification's integration – using game elements for targeted goals – spans sectors like healthcare, finance, and education. This synthesis compiles categorized references, offering a comprehensive view of gamification's varied impact. By exploring its regulatory consequences and its effectiveness in improving outcomes across industries, this synthesis underscores gamification's transformative role in shaping modern experiences and regulatory paradigms.

Table 7. Key Insights in Gamification

	Table 7. Key Hisights in Gariincation			
Key Insights				
Gamification and	Gamification integration in diverse sectors raises regulatory			
Regulatory Impact	considerations.			
	In healthcare, it influences health behaviors and enhances			
	chronic illness management.			
	In finance, it mitigates investor biases and enriches e-banking			
	user experiences.			
	In education, it boosts student engagement, motivation, and			
	learning outcomes.			
	In aviation and public services, it enhances safety training and service delivery.			
Gamification in	Gamification effectively influences health behaviors and			
Healthcare	improves chronic illness management.			
	It promotes physical activity, medication adherence, and well-being.			

	Gamification aims to make health-related tasks engaging and effective.
Gamification in	Gamification enhances online program engagement and
Finance	mitigates investor biases. It shapes customer interactions with financial products and services.
	Gamification serves as an engaging and educational tool in finance.
Gamification in	Gamification enhances student engagement, motivation, and
Education	learning outcomes.
	It satisfies intrinsic needs and fosters cooperative learning skills. A flipped classroom and gamification approach positively affect student performance and commitment.
Gamification in Other	Gamification extends its reach beyond traditional sectors,
Industries	impacting aviation safety training, public services, and sustainability initiatives.
	It promotes sustainable development and enhances user engagement in branding.
	Gamification is a versatile tool for achieving diverse goals and enhancing user experiences.

Table 7 provides a concise summary of how gamification impacts regulations and its diverse applications. It encompasses healthcare, finance, education, and various industries, demonstrating its effects on behaviors, engagement, and educational results. The adaptability of gamification is noticeable in its influence on aviation, public services, and sustainability endeavors.

CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

This concept paper provides a comprehensive exploration of the regulatory impact of gamification across industries. It reveals that gamification has extended beyond entertainment into healthcare, finance, education, aviation, public services, and branding. It enhances user engagement and motivation, positively influencing behaviors and learning outcomes. However, the paper also highlights risks such as ethical concerns, data privacy, and addiction issues. It emphasizes the need for a balanced approach to harness gamification's potential while safeguarding against harm.

The identification of research gaps underscores the evolving nature of this field, emphasizing the importance of ongoing research and adaptable regulatory strategies. In conclusion, gamification is a transformative paradigm in technology, education, and healthcare. Understanding its regulatory implications is crucial for responsible and ethical use, and this paper provides a valuable foundation for future research and policymaking.

Based on the extensive exploration of gamification and its regulatory impact across various industries, several key recommendations emerge for policymakers, industry stakeholders, and scholars. These recommendations aim to guide the responsible integration of gamification while safeguarding against potential risks and ensuring that its transformative potential is harnessed for the greater good.

- Promote Ethical Gamification Frameworks: Policymakers and industry leaders should collaborate to develop and promote ethical frameworks for gamification. These frameworks should encompass guidelines on data privacy, user consent, and transparency in gamified systems. By adhering to ethical principles, organizations can build trust with users and avoid potential pitfalls associated with gamification.
- 2. Continuous Monitoring and Evaluation: Organizations across industries should implement robust monitoring and evaluation processes for gamified systems (Gentry et al., 2019). Regular assessments should not only focus on user engagement but also on the potential negative consequences, such as addiction or unethical behavior (Chang et al., 2023). This ongoing scrutiny ensures that any issues are promptly identified and addressed.
- 3. Education and Training: In the education sector, institutions should provide training and support for educators to effectively implement gamification in their teaching methods (Dichev & Dicheva, 2017). Additionally, organizations should educate users, particularly in healthcare and finance, about the benefits and potential risks of gamified applications (King et al., 2013). Informed users are better equipped to make responsible choices.
- 4. Regulatory Adaptation: Regulatory bodies should adapt to the evolving gamification landscape (Hassan & Hamari, 2020). This includes periodically reviewing and updating regulations to address emerging trends and technologies (Baker & Odinet, 2023). Policymakers should also consider the global nature of gamified systems, as many operate across borders, necessitating international cooperation and harmonization of regulations (Gómez-Carrasco et al., 2019).
- 5. Balanced Incentives: In financial and business contexts, organizations should strike a balance between using gamification to engage users and ensuring that incentives do not compromise ethical behavior (Şenol & Onay, 2022). Financial gamification should encourage informed decision-making rather than exploit cognitive biases (Sethu & Nathan-Roberts, 2021).
- 6. Research on Long-Term Effects: Scholars should prioritize research on the long-term effects of gamification (Xi, 2019). This includes studying the sustained impact of gamified interventions in areas like healthcare, education, and finance (Xu et al.,

2022). Understanding whether gamification leads to lasting behavioral change is crucial for assessing its effectiveness.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

We express our gratitude to God for His unwavering guidance throughout this endeavor. We sincerely thank the authors of the articles that greatly enriched the development of this paper. Our appreciation extends to the reviewers for their invaluable comments and insights, which have enhanced the quality of our work. Lastly, we convey our heartfelt thanks to our families and friends for their steadfast support and encouragement.

FUNDING

The study is partially funded by the affiliation of the authors.

DECLARATIONS

Conflict of Interest

The authors have disclosed that there are no potential conflicts of interest related to the research, authorship, or publication of this article.

Informed Consent

Informed permission was not necessary because no individuals were involved in the study.

Ethics Approval

This study does not require ethical approval since the paper does not involve human or animal subjects

REFERENCES

Alyamani, H., Alharbi, N., Roboey, A., & Kavakli, M. (2023). The Impact of Gamifications and Serious Games on Driving under Unfamiliar Traffic Regulations. Applied Sciences, 13(5), 3262. https://doi.org/10.3390/app13053262

Anderson, C. A., & Dron, J. (2011). Three kinds of gamification. Simulations and Gaming, 42(4), 399-423.

- Baker, C., & Odinet, C. K. (2023). The Gamification of Banking. Social Science Research Network. https://papers.ssrn.com/sol3/papers.cfm?abstract_id=456864
- Chang, S.-C., Chiu, Y.-P., & Chen, C.-C. (2023). Does gamification affect the engagement of exercise and well-being? International Journal of Electronic Commerce Studies, 14(1), 119.
- Chen, J., Zhang, G., & Hu, Q. (2022). Research on the Impact of Pro-Environment Game and Guilt on Environmentally Sustainable Behaviour. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 19(20), 13406. https://doi.org/10.3390/ijerph192013406
- Deterding, S., Dixon, D., Khaled, R., & Nacke, L. (2011). From game design elements to gamefulness. Proceedings of the 15th International Academic MindTrek Conference on Envisioning Future Media Environments MindTrek '11, 9–15.
- Dichev, C., & Dicheva, D. (2017). Gamifying education: What is known, what is believed and what remains uncertain: A critical review. International Journal of Educational Technology in Higher Education, 14(1).
- Gentry, S. V., Gauthier, A., Ehrstrom, B. L., Wortley, D., Lilienthal, A., Car, L. T., Dauwels-Okutsu, S., Nikolaou, C. K., Zary, N., Campbell, J., & Car, J. (2019). Serious Gaming and Gamification Education in Health Professions: Systematic Review. Journal of Medical Internet Research, 21(3), e12994.
- Gómez-Carrasco, C.-J., Monteagudo-Fernández, J., Moreno-Vera, J.-R., & Sainz-Gómez, M. (2019). Effects of a Gamification and Flipped-Classroom Program for Teachers in Training on Motivation and Learning Perception. Education Sciences, 9(4), 299.
- Hamari, J., Koivisto, J., & Sarsa, H. (2014). Does gamification work?--a literature review of empirical studies on gamification. 2014 47th Hawaii international conference on system sciences, 3025-3034.
- Hassan, L., & Hamari, J. (2020). Gameful civic engagement: A review of the literature on gamification of e-participation. Government Information Quarterly, 37(3), 101461.
- Huesch, M. D., & Chetlen, A. (2015). A paradigm shift in physician decision making: Patient centeredness and health IT. Journal of Medical Internet Research, 17(2), e56.
- Huotari, K., & Hamari, J. (2017). A definition for gamification: anchoring gamification in the service marketing literature. Electronic Markets, 27(1), 21–31.
- Kapp, K. (2012) The Gamification of Learning and Instruction. Game-Based Methods and Strategies for Training and Education. Pfeiffer, San Francisco, CA. References Scientific Research Publishing. (n.d.). Www.scirp.org. https://www.scirp.org/(S(351jmbntvnsjt1aadkozje))/reference/referencespapers.asp x?referenceid=2598253
- Kitchenham, B. (2004). Procedures for performing systematic reviews. Keele University, UK, Keele, UK, 33(2004), 1-26.
- Lupton, D. (2014). Health promotion in the digital era: A critical commentary. Health Promotion International, 30(1), 174-183).
- Marsden, C. T. (2018). The Anti-Money Laundering Toolkit: Practical Guidance for Financial Institutions. John Wiley & Sons.
- Moreau, A., et al. (2020). Medication adherence in Parkinson's disease: A systematic review of qualitative research. Parkinsonism & Related Disorders, 79, 37-44.

- Muntean, C. I. (2011). Raising engagement in e-learning through gamification. Proceedings of the 6th International Conference on Virtual Learning (pp. 323-329).
- Nacional, R. B. (2023). Gamifying Education: Enhancing Student Engagement and Motivation. Puissant, 4. https://puissant.stepacademic.net/puissant/article/view/238
- Noh, D. (2020). The Gamification Framework of Military Flight Simulator for The Gamification Framework of Military Flight Simulator for Effective Learning and Training Environment Effective Learning and Training Environment. Retrieved May 17, 2021, from https://purls.library.ucf.edu/go/DP0023562
- Rich, L. E., et al. (2019). Ethics and gamification in education: A literature review of current trends and future research directions. Education Sciences, 9(3), 234.
- Sethu, M., & Nathan-Roberts, D. (2021). It's All Fun and Games: The Role of Gamification in E-banking. Proceedings of the Human Factors and Ergonomics Society Annual Meeting, 65(1), 1297–1301.
- Smith, B. K., Smith, A. R., & Zeng, X. H. (2018). Regulatory concerns in the adoption of blockchain technology for healthcare. Blockchain in healthcare today, 1, 1-9.
- Xu, L., Shi, H., Shen, M., Ni, Y., Zhang, X., Pang, Y., Yu, T., Lian, X., Yu, T., Yang, X., & Li, F. (2022). The Effects of mHealth-Based Gamification Interventions on Participation in Physical Activity: Systematic Review. JMIR MHealth and UHealth, 10(2), e27794.

Author's Biography

Ritchell B. Nacional is an experienced educator with nearly a decade of teaching expertise. She currently teaches at Angelo L. Loyola Senior High School in the Philippines and holds key roles as the school's ICT Coordinator and TVL track Coordinator. Ritchell is also a Ph.D. candidate in Technology Management at Samar State University, demonstrating her commitment to both teaching and advancing her academic pursuits.

Angelo M. Torres, an educator with 14 years of experience, is dedicated to nurturing young minds at Angelo L. Loyola Senior High in the Philippines. In addition to his full-time teaching role, he serves as Robotics and Technical Coordinator, sharing his passion for technology. Angelo is furthering his education through Graduate Studies at Western Colleges Inc., continually enhancing his teaching skills. Committed to education, he has positively impacted countless students and eagerly anticipates more years of inspiring them to reach their full potential.